Homework set 1 — CSE 383C / CS 383C / M 383E / ME 397, Fall 2019

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From the book: 1.4, 2.2, 2.3, 2.6, 3.1, 3.3, 3.5.

If you found the topics in the initial lectures challenging, then I recommend that you do **all** the homeworks for chapters 1, 2, and 3. Understanding this material well will help tremendously in what follows.

Problem 1: Consider the vector space $X = \mathbb{C}^m$ with the ℓ^{∞} -norm $||\mathbf{x}|| = \max |x_i|$. What is the corresponding induced norm of a matrix? *Hint: We solved this problem in class for the* ℓ^1 *norm. The argument for the* ℓ^{∞} *norm is very similar.*

Problem 2: Consider the matrix

$$\mathbf{A} = \left[\begin{array}{rrr} 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \end{array} \right].$$

Compute an *estimate* to the norm on **A** induced by the norm ℓ^p for p = 1.3. Explain your methodology.

Problem 3 – 5 are **optional** and you are not asked to hand in solutions. They consist of the proof that $\|\cdot\|_p$ is a norm for $p \in [1, \infty]$.

Problem 3: Let λ be a real number such that $\lambda \in (0, 1)$, and let a and b be two non-negative real numbers. Prove that

(1) $a^{\lambda} b^{1-\lambda} \leq \lambda a + (1-\lambda) b,$

with equality iff a = b. Hint: Consider b = 0 first. When $b \neq 0$, change variables to t = a/b.

Problem 4: [Hölder's inequality] Suppose that p is a real number such that 1 , and let <math>q be such that $p^{-1} + q^{-1} = 1$. Let $\mathbf{f}, \mathbf{g} \in \mathbb{C}^m$ and prove that

(2) $|\mathbf{f} \cdot \mathbf{g}| \le \|\mathbf{f}\|_p \|\mathbf{g}\|_q.$

Prove that equality holds iff $\alpha |\mathbf{f}(i)|^p = \beta |\mathbf{g}(i)|^q$ for some α, β such that $\alpha \beta \neq 1$.

Hint: Consider first the case where $\|\mathbf{f}\|_p = 0$ or $\|\mathbf{g}\|_q = 0$. For the case $\|\mathbf{f}\|_p \|\mathbf{g}\|_q \neq 0$, use (1) with

$$a = \left| \frac{\mathbf{f}(i)}{\|\mathbf{f}\|_p} \right|^p, \qquad b = \left| \frac{\mathbf{g}(i)}{\|\mathbf{g}\|_q} \right|^q, \qquad \lambda = \frac{1}{p}.$$

Problem 3: [Minkowski's inequality] Prove that for $p \in [1, \infty]$, and for $\mathbf{f}, \mathbf{g} \in \mathbb{C}^m$, we have $\|\mathbf{f} + \mathbf{g}\|_p \le \|\mathbf{f}\|_p + \|\mathbf{g}\|_p$.

Hint: Consider the cases $p = 1, \infty$ separately. For $p \in (1, \infty)$, note that

(3)
$$|\mathbf{f}(i) + \mathbf{g}(i)|^p \le (|\mathbf{f}(i)| + |\mathbf{g}(i)|) |\mathbf{f}(i) + \mathbf{g}(i)|^{p-1}.$$

Then sum both sides of (3) and apply (2) to the right hand side.