## Homework set 8 — APPM5450, Spring 2010

From the textbook: 11.1(b,c), 11.2, 11.6, 11.7, 11.8, 11.10.

**Problem 2:** Prove that if  $f \in C^{\infty}(\mathbb{R}^d)$ , and for every  $\alpha \in \mathbb{Z}^d$ , there exist finite C and N such that  $|\partial^{\alpha} f(x)| \leq C(1+|x|^N)$ , then  $f\varphi \in \mathcal{S}$  whenever  $\varphi \in \mathcal{S}$ . Moreover, prove that if  $\varphi_n \to \varphi$  in  $\mathcal{S}$ , then  $f\varphi_n \to f\varphi$  in  $\mathcal{S}$ .

**Problem 3:** Demonstrate that a tempered function is not necessarily of at most polynomial growth by constructing a continuous function f on  $\mathbb{R}$  such that

(1) 
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |f(x)| \, dx < \infty,$$

but

(2) 
$$\sup_{x \in \mathbb{R}} \frac{|f(x)|}{(1+|x|^2)^{k/2}} = \infty, \qquad \forall \ k \in \{0, \ 1, \ 2, \dots\}.$$

If you would like to make the problem slightly harder, then construct a function f that satisfies (2) and also

(3) 
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (1+|x|^2)^{k/2} |f(x)| \, dx < \infty, \qquad \forall \ k \in \{0, \ 1, \ 2, \ \dots \}.$$

**Problem 4 (optional):** Let  $\mathcal{D}$  denote the linear space  $C_c^{\infty}(\mathbb{R}^d)$ . We define a topology on  $\mathcal{D}$  by saying that  $\varphi_n \to \varphi$  if and only if there exists a compact set  $K \subseteq \mathbb{R}^d$  such that  $\operatorname{supp}(\varphi_n) \subseteq K$  for all n, and  $||\partial^{\alpha}\varphi_n - \partial^{\alpha}\varphi||_u \to 0$  for all  $\alpha \in \mathbb{Z}_+^d$ .

(a) Prove that  $\mathcal{D}$  is a linear subspace of  $\mathcal{S}$ .

(b) Prove that the set  $\mathcal{D}$  is not closed in the topology of  $\mathcal{S}$ .

(c) Prove that if  $\varphi_n \to \varphi$  in  $\mathcal{D}$ , then  $\varphi_n \to \varphi$  in  $\mathcal{S}$ .